

# ÔN TẬP HỌC KỲ 1 KHỐI 12

## Unit 4. THE MASS MEDIA

### Part I. PHONETICS

*Exercise 1. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

1. A. distributed      B. used      C. emailed      D. copied  
2. A. invented      B. contributed      C. attributed      D. welcomed  
3. A. coughed      B. developed      C. introduced      D. downloaded  
5. A. accessed      B. searched      C. surfed      D. recorded

*Exercise 2. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.*

6. A. tablet      B. media      C. social      D. subscribe  
7. A. newspaper      B. smartphone      C. access      D. device  
8. A. computer      B. technology      C. magazine      D. connection  
9. A. networking      B. television      C. socialize      D. Communication

### Part II. VOCABULARY

*Exercise 3. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

11. The mass media are \_\_\_\_ of communication, such as books, newspapers, recordings, radio, movies, television, mobile phones and the Internet.  
A. models.      B. means      C. parts      D. types
12. TV companies \_\_\_\_ their programmes across the country or even across the world.  
A. broadcast      B. refresh      C. connect      D. publish
13. While a sports match has spectators and radio has listeners, television has \_\_\_\_.  
A. audience      B. witnesses      C. viewers      D. commentators
15. There's a great \_\_\_\_ show on BBC1 tonight. Contestants have to race through a supermarket as quickly as they can, filling up their trolleys as they go.  
A. talk      B. game      C. quiz      D. live
16. On some TV channels, a(n) \_\_\_\_ tells you what the next programme is going to be.  
A. journalist      B. commentator      C. announcer      D. producer
17. The \_\_\_\_ involves TV, radio and even electronic forms of communication such as the Internet.  
A. media      B. press      C. network      D. telecommunication
21. How many means of \_\_\_\_ do you use on a regular basis?  
A. communication      B. communicating      C. communicator      D. communicative
26. Students use the library's computers to get access \_\_\_\_ the Internet.  
A. for      B. to      C. with      D. by
33. Most people \_\_\_\_ the mass media as their main source of information.

- A. rely on      B. try on      C. put on      D. hold on

34. The pie chart shows the preferred forms of communication recorded in a survey \_\_\_\_\_ in Intel Secondary School in August 2014.

- A. carried out      B. carried on      C. carried away      D. carried up

**Exercise 4. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

41. Each form of mass media has an important impact on society.

- A. influence      B. pressure      C. affection      D. role

42. The programme invited viewers to write in with their ideas.

- A. people who watch the programme      B. people who sponsor the programme  
C. people who produce the programme      D. people who edit the programme

43. Journalists can make mistakes, so don't believe everything you read in the press.

- A. publications      B. news bulletins  
C. reference books      D. newspapers and magazines

44. Face-to-face socializing is not as preferred as virtual socializing among the youth.

- A. Direct      B. Facial      C. Available      D. Instant

45. She thinks that unfortunately they may not understand the benefits of online information.

- A. advantages      B. points      C. features      D. amounts

**Exercise 5. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

46. The library reduced the number of print newspapers and magazines that they used to subscribe to.

- A. increased      B. decreased      C. rose      D. fell

47. Using social networks helps you keep in touch with friends and family any time.

- A. put up with      B. keep track of      C. lose touch with      D. catch up with

48. They had the volume turned down, so I couldn't make out what they were talking about.

- A. reduced the noise      B. increased the noise  
C. limited the noise      D. controlled the noise

49. Teenagers can become addicted to social networking if they can't control they spend online.

- A. dependent on      B. hooked on      C. indifferent to      D. exhausted by

50. New electronic devices have been developed to cater to users' ever-changing needs.

- A. changeable      B. unstable      C. constant      D. predictable

### Part III. GRAMMAR

**Exercise 6. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

51. Linda only \_\_\_\_\_ the film after she \_\_\_\_\_ the book.

A. understood – read

B. understood - had read

C. had understood – read

D. understood - was reading

52. \_\_\_\_ you ever \_\_\_\_ on TV before you \_\_\_\_ in this reality show?

A. Had ... appeared - took part

B. Have ... appeared - took part

C. Did ... appear - had taken part

D. Would ... appear - took part

68. A columnist \_\_\_\_ in writing a newspaper or a magazine.

A. believes

B. concentrates

C. responds

D. specializes

69. A lot of residents had to \_\_\_\_ from the unexpected hurricane last month.

A. protect

B. recover

C. suffer

D. save

## Unit 5. CULTURAL IDENTITY

### Part I. PHONETICS

*Exercise 1. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

1. A. international

B. nation

C. national

D. nationality

2. A. language

B. massage

C. marriage

D. shortage

### Part II. VOCABULARY

*Exercise 3. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.*

11. When it comes to diversity, language can be a bridge for building relationships, or a tool for creating and maintaining divisions across differences.

A. assimilation

B. distinction

C. uniformity

D. variance

12. The situation got out of hand when the festival organisers couldn't foresee that the mob would get angry because they were stopped from taking the offerings.

A. hard to complete

B. difficult to control

C. impossible to find

D. unlikely to happen

22. Integration and assimilation can help reduce feelings of loss and grief as the migrant starts to incorporate aspects of the majority culture.

A. disadvantage

B. disapproval

C. discrimination

D. sadness

### Part III. GRAMMAR

*Exercise 6. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

51. How long \_\_\_\_ Gerry?

A. has you been knowing

B. has you know

C. have you been knowing

D. have you known

52. How many times \_\_\_\_ New York?

A. has Charles been visiting

B. has Charles visited

C. have Charles been visiting

D. have Charles visited

53. She \_\_\_\_ French words for hours, but she still doesn't remember all of them.

A. has been learning

B. has been learnt

C. has learnt

D. have been learning

54. My father \_\_\_\_\_.

A. has never smoked

B. have never smoked

C. has never been smoking

D. have never been smoking

55. Oh dear, the light \_\_\_\_\_ all night.

A. has been burning

B. has burnt

C. has burned

D. have burning

56. We \_\_\_\_\_ Lisa recently.

A. hasn't seen

B. haven't seen

C. haven't been seeing

D. haven't been seen

57. I \_\_\_\_\_ fifteen phone calls this morning.

A. has been making

B. have been making

C. have been made

D. have made

58. \_\_\_\_\_ anything so strange in your life?

A. Have you ever been hearing

B. Have ever you been hearing

C. Have you ever heard

D. Have you ever heard

59. You're red in the face. \_\_\_\_\_

A. Has you ran?

B. Have you been runned?

C. Have you ran?

D. Have you been running?

60. The sun \_\_\_\_\_ since this morning.

A. has shining

B. has shined

C. has shone

D. has been shining

63. He \_\_\_\_\_ on his essay all day, but he \_\_\_\_\_ yet.

A. has been writing - has not finished

B. has writing - has not been finishing

C. have been written - have not finished

D. has written - has not been finishing

66. My job gets \_\_\_\_\_ every year.

A. harder and harder

B. harder and more harder

C. more harder and harder

D. more and more harder

67. She's getting over her operation. She feels \_\_\_\_\_.

A. gooder and gooder

B. better and better

C. more better and better

D. more and more better

68. The market for tablets is becoming \_\_\_\_\_ all the time.

A. competitiver and competitiver

B. more and more competitive

C. more competitiver and competitiver

D. more competitive and competitive

69. My dad's eyesight is getting \_\_\_\_\_. He can hardly see anything these days.

A. more worser and worser

B. more and more worse

C. worse and worse

D. worser and worser

70. It's time you tidied your room. It's getting \_\_\_\_\_.

A. messier and messier

B. more Messier and messier

C. more messy and messy

D. more and more messy